CITY OF EAST GRAND FORKS & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

BUSINESS SUBSIDY POLICY

A. PURPOSE

The purpose of the East Grand Forks Business Subsidy Policy is to establish criteria for the granting of business subsidies, including assistance through Tax Increment Financing, Tax Abatement, Border City Enterprise Zone Credits, Border City Development Zone Credits, EDA Loan Programs and other incentive and assistance programs that may become available through the City of East Grand Forks, Minnesota (the "City"); the Economic Development Authority, (the "Authority"); or the State of Minnesota (the "State").

The City and Authority's ability to grant certain subsidies is governed by Minnesota Statutes, Sections 116J.993 through 116J.995, as amended (the "Business Subsidy Act").

The criteria set forth in this Business Subsidy Policy shall be used as a guide in processing and reviewing applications requesting business subsidy assistance and shall be used in conjunction with other relevant policies of the City and the Authority. The requirements of this policy shall be met for all assistance considered a business subsidy under the Business Subsidy Act.

The City may amend this Business Subsidy Policy at any time. Amendments to this Plan are subject to public hearing requirements contained in the Business Subsidy Act.

B. MANDATORY CRITERIA

All projects must comply with the following criteria:

- 1. <u>Public Purpose</u>. The business subsidy must meet a public purpose which may include, but may not be limited to, increasing the tax base. Job retention may only be used as a public purpose in cases where job loss is specific and demonstrable. Suggestions for business subsidy public purposes are set forth in Exhibit A.
- 2. <u>Jobs and Wages Goals</u>. Projects provided a business subsidy must create at least 1 full-time equivalent jobs. Where job loss is specific and demonstrable, the project may meet the jobs and wages goals by retaining jobs at the project. If retaining jobs is a goal of the project, the project must retain at a minimum 75 % of the existing full-time equivalent jobs. After a public hearing, if the creation or retention of jobs is determined not to be a goal, the wage and job goals may be set at zero.

The wage floor for wages to be paid for the jobs created or retained shall be greater of the minimum wage rate for assistance established by MnDEED under its MIF lending guidelines or 100% of the State minimum wage in effect at the time the subsidy is granted. The City will seek to create jobs with higher wages as appropriate for the overall public purpose of the subsidy. Wage goals may also be set to enhance existing jobs through increased wages, which increase must result in wages higher than the minimum under this Section.

3. <u>Economic Feasibility</u>. Upon application for a business subsidy, the City will require the requesting entity to provide certain information regarding the proposed project, including but not limited to proposed sources and uses of funds to pay for project costs, estimated revenues, estimated number of jobs created and the expected wages. The City will review the requested materials to determine if the proposed project

is economically feasible in its sole judgment and discretion.

4. <u>Compliance With Act</u>. The business subsidy from the City must satisfy all requirements of the Act as set forth in Section E below.

C. PROJECT REVIEW AND EVALUATION POLICY

- 1. The City recognizes that the creation and retention of good paying jobs is a desirable goal which benefits the community. Nevertheless, not all projects assisted with subsidies derive their public purposes and importance solely by virtue of job creation. In addition, the imposition of high job creation requirements and high wage level requirements may be unrealistic and counter-productive in the face of larger economic forces, and the financial and competitive circumstances of an individual business. In determining the requirements for a project under consideration for a business subsidy, the determination of the number of jobs to be created and the wage levels therefor will be guided by the following principles and criteria:
 - a. Each project will be evaluated on a case by case basis. The evaluation will take into consideration the project's importance in and benefit to the community from all perspectives, including created or retained jobs.
 - b. If a particular project does not involve the creation of jobs, but is nonetheless found to be worthy of support and subsidy, assistance may be approved without any specific job or wage goals provided the City documents in writing the reasons for deviating from the jobs and wage goals set forth in Section B.
 - c. In cases where the objective is the retention of existing jobs, the recipient of the subsidy will be required to provide evidence acceptable to the City demonstrating that the loss of those jobs is imminent.
- 2. Because it is not possible to anticipate all the needs and requirements of every type of project and the ever-changing needs of the community and in order to retain the flexibility necessary to respond to all proposed projects, the City retains the right to approve projects and business subsidies which may vary from the principles and criteria set forth herein. The reasons for deviations from the business subsidy criteria set forth herein shall be documented in writing.
- 3. Certain financial assistance provided by the City may be exempted from this policy pursuant to Section 116J.993, subd 3 of the Act, as amended.

D. PROJECT REVIEW AND EVALUATION PROCEDURE

- 1. The City will consider one or more of the criteria listed in this Section D in determining whether to provide financial or other assistance to a project as a business subsidy. In applying the criteria to a specific project, the following will apply:
 - a. The City may consider the requirements of any other business subsidy received, or to be received, from a grantor other than the City.
 - b. If the business subsidy involves the conveyance of real or personal property at a writedown, the amount of the subsidy will be difference between the conveyance price and the fair market value of the property as determined by the City.

- c. If the business subsidy is received over time, the City may value the subsidy at its present value using a discount rate equal to an interest rate which the City determines is fair and reasonable under the circumstances.
- 2. When deciding whether to grant a business subsidy, the City will consider the following:
 - a. <u>Land Use</u>. The City will consider:
 - i. <u>Compliance with Comprehensive or other Plans</u>. Whether, apart from any needed services to the community described in Section D.2.d, the project is more compatible with the comprehensive plan than other permitted uses for the property. For example, the project may involve a "clean" industry such as a technology or service business which is preferred over other permitted uses.
 - ii. <u>Compliance with Zoning and Land Use Regulations</u>. Whether the proposed use of the site complies with the regulations of the City Zoning Ordinance and Land Use Regulations.
 - ii. <u>Marginal Property</u>. Whether the project is located on property which needs but is not likely to be developed or redeveloped because of blight or other adverse conditions of the property. For example, property may be so blighted that the cost of making land ready for redevelopment exceeds the property fair market value.
 - iii. <u>Design and/or Other Amenities</u>. Whether, as a result of the business subsidy, the project will include design and/or amenity features not otherwise required by law. For example, the project may, at the request of the City, include landscaping, open space, public trails, employee work out facilities or day care facilities which serve a public purpose but are not required by law.
 - iv. <u>Highest and Best Use</u>. Whether the project will encourage and promote the highest and best use of land.
 - v. <u>Appropriateness</u>. Whether the project is an appropriate land use for the location.
 - b. *Impact on Existing and Future Public Investment*. The City will consider:
 - i. <u>Utilization of Existing Infrastructure Investment</u>. Whether and to what extent (i) the project will utilize existing public infrastructure capacity and (ii) the project will require additional publicly funded infrastructure investments.
 - ii. <u>Direct Monetary Return on Public Investment</u>. Arrangements made or to be made for the City to receive a direct monetary return on its investment in the project. For example, the business subsidy may be in the form of an interest bearing loan or may involve a project sharing arrangement.
 - c. <u>Economic Development</u>. The City will consider:
 - i. <u>Leveraged Funds</u>. The amount of the business subsidy to be provided for the project as compared to the amount of private funds which will be applied towards the capital cost of the project.

- ii. <u>Spin Off Development</u>. The dollar amount of nonsubsidized development the project is expected to generate in the surrounding area and the need for and likelihood of such spin off development.
- iii. <u>Growth Potential</u>. Based on the recipient's market studies and plans for expansion, whether and to what extent the project will produce a net increase of full-time equivalent jobs and of payroll, over and above the minimum number of jobs and wages set forth in Section B above.

d. *Quality of Life*. The City will consider:

- i. <u>Community Services</u>. Whether the project will provide services in the community and the need for such services. For example, the project may provide health services, retail convenience services such as a nearby grocery store, or social services needed in the community.
- ii. <u>Unmet Housing Needs</u>. Whether the project will provide housing the City currently needs but which is not available.

e. Other.

i. <u>Other Factors</u>. Depending on the nature of the project, the City will consider such other factors as the City may deem relevant in evaluating the project and the business subsidy proposed for it.

E. <u>COMPLIANCE WITH BUSINESS SUBSIDY ACT.</u>

- 1. <u>Jobs and Wages</u>. Each project granted a business subsidy must meet the jobs and wages goals set forth in Section B within two years of the benefit. As used herein "benefit date" means the date the business subsidy is received. If the business subsidy involves the purchase, lease, or donation of physical equipment, then the benefit date occurs when the recipient puts the equipment into service. If the business subsidy is for improvements to property, then the benefit date refers to the earlier of (i) when the improvements are finished for the entire project, or (ii) when a business occupies the property (upon receipt of a certificate of occupancy).
- 2. <u>Continued Operation of Project</u>. Each project granted a business subsidy must continue its operations at the site of the project for at least five years following the benefit date.
- 3. <u>Business Subsidy Agreements</u>. Each subsidy recipient must enter into a Business Subsidy Agreement with the City that includes:
 - a. a description of the subsidy, including the amount and type of subsidy, and type of tax increment district if the subsidy is tax increment financing;
 - b. a statement of the public purposes for the subsidy;
 - c. measurable, specific, and tangible goals for the subsidy;
 - d. a description of the financial obligation of the recipient if the goals are not met;
 - e. a statement of why the subsidy is needed;
 - f. a commitment to continue operations in the jurisdiction where the subsidy is used for at least five years after the benefit date;
 - g. the name and address of the parent corporation of the recipient, if any; and
 - h. a list of all financial assistance by all grantors for the project.

i. wage and job goals

Subsidies in the form of grants shall be structured as forgivable loans. For other types of subsidies, the agreement shall state the fair market value of the subsidy to the recipient, including the value of conveying property at less than a fair market price, or other in-kind benefits to the recipient.

If a subsidy benefits more than one recipient, the City must assign a proportion of the subsidy to each recipient that signs the agreement. The proportion assessed to each recipient must reflect a reasonable estimate of the recipient's share of the total benefits of the project.

4. <u>Failure to Meet Goals.</u> The Business Subsidy Agreement must specify the recipient's obligation if the recipient does not fulfill the agreement. At a minimum, the Business Subsidy Agreement must require a recipient failing to meet subsidy agreement goals to pay back the assistance plus interest to the City pursuant to the terms of the Business Subsidy Act. The interest rate must be set equal to 4.0% or the implicit price deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for state and local governments prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce for the 12-month period ending March 31 of the previous year, whichever is greater.

The City, after a public hearing, may extend for up to one year the period for meeting the wage and job goals provided in the Business Subsidy Agreement. The City may extend the period for meeting other goals by documenting in writing the reason for the extension and attaching a copy of the document to its next annual report to the Department of Employment and Economic Development.

5. <u>Reports by Recipients to City.</u> The City must monitor the progress by the recipient of a business subsidy in achieving agreement goals.

The Business Subsidy Act requires annual reports from recipients of Business Subsidies, including wage and job goal information. The information must be submitted on forms developed by the Department of Employment and Economic Development. Copies of the completed forms must be sent to the City annually no later than March 1 of each year for the previous year.

Recipients who fail to submit annual reports to the City may face financial penalties.

Adopted by the City Council of the City of East Grand Forks on, 2024 Date of Public Hearing of City Council, 2024
Adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the Economic Development Authority on October 8, 2024 Date of Public Hearing of Economic Development Authority: October 8, 2024

EXHIBIT A

SUGGESTIONS FOR SUBSIDY PUBLIC PURPOSES

Grantors may wish to consider any of the following public purposes, among others, when considering an applicant's request:

- 1. Increasing the tax base may be used as a public purpose as long as it is not the only public purpose.
- 2. Job retention may only be used in cases where job loss is specific and demonstrable.
- 3. The project provides a service or meets a consumer need not currently addressed in the City.
- 4. The project represents a significant investment in an area of the City that is economically depressed.
- 5. The project will remove blighting influences or rehabilitate an area of the City in need of revitalization.
- 6. The project will stimulate additional capital investment in a geographic area of the City and act as a catalyst for future (re)development.
- 7. The project will cause surrounding property values to increase and will stabilize the area.
- 8. The project will anchor a needed commercial center for the City.
- 9. The project will enhance the viability of other businesses in the City.
- 10. The project will assist in the processing, packaging, distribution, or marketing of agricultural products grown in the region.
- 11. The project will assist in the orderly growth of the City and generate significant economic spin off.
- 12. The project will prevent the closure of business needed in the community due to merger, physical expansion, change in market or economic factors, downsizing, and other factors.
- 13. The project will employ a classification of people in the community at large who are not fully employed.
- 14. A business subsidy will permit the project to employ more people, pay higher wages, be of better quality, or in some way be of more value to the City.
- 15. The proposed subsidy will facilitate other business activities deemed important and valuable to the City if so determined by the EDA and City Council.